Oberon Tarana Heritage Railway

Engineering Manual

Track

OTCS 203 TRACK INSPECTION FORMS

Version 1.0

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Approved by:

Document control

| Revision | Date of Approval | Summary of change |
|----------|------------------|---|
| 1.0 | August 2018 | First Issue. Developed specifically for BBRC. |
| | | |

Summary of changes from previous version

| Section | Summary of change | | | | | | |
|---------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
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Contents

| 1 | Purpo: | se scope and application | 4 |
|------|--------|---------------------------------|-----|
| | | letion of Inspection forms | |
| | | Welded Track Stability Analysis | |
| Appe | ndix 1 | Inspection Forms | . 8 |

1 Purpose scope and application

The Track Inspection forms contained in this Manual have been developed specifically for the Byron Bay Railroad Company and cover the following inspections and examination of civil infrastructure found on the OTHR.

EOL Examination of Length
SIGN Inspection of Signs
DEFECT Defect Summary Report
SDG Siding Inspection

GIJ Inspection of Glued Insulated Joints

LX Level Crossing Examination
PLAT Platform Clearances Examination
WTSA-1 WTSA Manual Analysis Input – LWR

WTSA-2 WTSA Manual Analysis
SBE Steel Bridge Examination
T/O Turnout Examination

2 Completion of Inspection Forms

Where appropriate the Inspection forms contain details of acceptable limits to assist the examiner in identifying defect conditions.

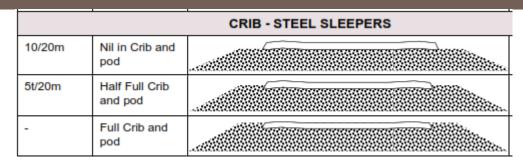
2.1 Welded Track Stability Analysis

The Welded Track Stability Analysis requires a number of tables of data to complete the manual analysis. These are contained below.

2.1.1 Ballast Examination

Identify locations where ballast deficiencies exist. Using the Tables below record the worst condition is each 500m section.

| For Ordering Ballast | SHOULDER | R - CONCRETE STEEL AND TIMBER SLEEPERS |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| 16t/20m | Nil each Side | |
| 12t/20m | Half Shoulder one side - Nil other side |). |
| 8t/20m | Half shoulder both sides | |
| 4t/20m | Full Shoulder one side - Half other side |) |
| - | Full Shoulder both sides | |



Add the crib result and the shoulder result to determine the stability loss.

| Loss of Track Stability (% of total stability) | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Cı | Shoulder | | | | | | |
| Ballast required (Tonnes/20m) | % Stability Loss | Ballast required (Tonnes/20m) | % Stability Loss | Ballast required (Tonnes/20m) | % Stability Loss | | | |
| 1 | 7 | 7 | 30 | 1 | 5 | | | |
| 2 | 14 | 8 | 30 | 2 | 10 | | | |
| 3 | 19 | 9 | 30 | 3 | 14 | | | |
| 4 | 24 | 10 | 30 | 4 | 17 | | | |
| 5 | 27 | 11 | 30 | 5 | 19 | | | |
| 6 | 29 | 12+ | 30 | 6 | 20 | | | |
| | Table 17 - Infl | uence of Ballast De | ficiencies | 7 | 20 | | | |
| | | 8+ | 20 | | | | | |

2.1.2 Rail Adjustment Stability Loss

Calculate the Rail Temperature Error.

The Rail Temperature Error for the 500m section will be the difference between the Actual Measured Rail Temperature and the Theoretical Measured Temperature from Table 10.

Rail Temp Error = Actual Measured Temp - Theoretical Measured Temp.

If the Rail Temperature Error is a minus number then the effective neutral temperature for the rail has been reduced by poor adjustment. In other words, there is likely to be an excess of steel. The Rail Temperature Error is a suitable means of comparing sections of Track Adjustment.

Example:

Actual measured rail temp = 28°C
Theoretical temperature = 32°C
Rail Temperature Error = 28-32 = -4°C
Effective Neutral Rail Temperature = 35-4 = 31°C
(35°C is the design neutral temperature.)

| | Theoretical Measured Temperature (°C) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|---------------------------------------|----------|----|-----------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| | | No. Gaps | | Average Rail Gap (mm) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | /500m | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 12 | 15 | 20 | 25 |
| | 33 | (15) | 45 | 43 | 40 | 38 | 35 | 32 | 30 | 27 | 25 | 20 | 12 | 0 | 0 |
| | 36 | (14) | 45 | 42 | 40 | 37 | 35 | 33 | 30 | 28 | 25 | 21 | 13 | 0 | 0 |
| = | 38 | (13) | 44 | 42 | 39 | 37 | 35 | 33 | 31 | 28 | 26 | 22 | 15 | 4 | 0 |
| LENGTH (m) | 42 | (12) | 43 | 41 | 39 | 37 | 35 | 33 | 31 | 29 | 27 | 23 | 17 | 6 | 0 |
| 臣 | 45 | (11) | 43 | 41 | 39 | 37 | 35 | 33 | 31 | 29 | 27 | 24 | 18 | 9 | 0 |
| S. | 50 | (10) | 42 | 40 | 38 | 37 | 35 | 33 | 32 | 30 | 28 | 25 | 20 | 11 | 3 |
| | 56 | (9) | 41 | 40 | 38 | 37 | 35 | 33 | 32 | 30 | 29 | 26 | 21 | 13 | 6 |
| RAIL | 63 | (8) | 40 | 39 | 38 | 36 | 35 | 34 | 32 | 31 | 30 | 27 | 23 | 16 | 9 |
| | 71 | (7) | 40 | 39 | 37 | 36 | 35 | 34 | 33 | 31 | 30 | 28 | 24 | 18 | 12 |
| 35 | 83 | (6) | 39 | 38 | 37 | 36 | 35 | 34 | 33 | 32 | 31 | 29 | 26 | 21 | 16 |
| 2 | 100 | (5) | 38 | 38 | 37 | 36 | 35 | 34 | 33 | 32 | 32 | 30 | 27 | 23 | 19 |
| AVERAGE | 125 | (4) | 38 | 37 | 36 | 36 | 35 | 34 | 34 | 33 | 32 | 31 | 29 | 25 | 22 |
| 4 | 167 | (3) | 37 | 37 | 36 | 36 | 35 | 34 | 34 | 33 | 33 | 32 | 30 | 28 | 25 |
| | 250 | (2) | 36 | 36 | 36 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 34 | 34 | 34 | 33 | 32 | 30 | 29 |
| | 500 | (1) | 36 | 36 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 34 | 34 | 34 | 33 | 33 | 32 |

Table 10 - Jointed Welded Rail - Gap Analysis

For all positive values of rail temperature error (CWR and JWR) % Stability Loss = 0

| Loss o | Loss of Track Stability (% of total stability) (based on single rail only) | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Rail Jointe Temperature Welde Error Rail | | Continuous Welded Rail | Rail Temperature Error | Jointed Welded Rail | Continuous Welded Rail | | | | | |
| -1 | 3 | 2 | -16 | 53 | 40 | | | | | |
| -2 | 7 | 5 | -17 | 57 | 43 | | | | | |
| -3 | 10 | 8 | -18 | 60 | 45 | | | | | |
| -4 | 13 | 10 | -19 | 63 | 48 | | | | | |
| -5 | 17 | 13 | -20 | 67 | 50 | | | | | |
| -6 | 20 | 15 | -21 | 70 | 53 | | | | | |
| -7 | 23 | 18 | -22 | 73 | 55 | | | | | |
| -8 | 27 | 20 | -23 | 77 | 58 | | | | | |
| -9 | 30 | 23 | -24 | 80 | 60 | | | | | |
| -10 | 33 | 25 | -25 | 84 | 63 | | | | | |
| -11 | 37 | 28 | All positive | 0 | 0 | | | | | |
| -12 | 40 | 30 | values | | | | | | | |
| -13 | 43 | 33 | | | | | | | | |
| -14 | 47 | 35 | | | | | | | | |
| -15 | 50 | 38 | | | | | | | | |

Table 11 - % Loss of Track Stability

2.1.3 Track Disturbance

| Track Disturbance Stability Loss | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Months since work | Resleepering | Resurfacing | | | | | |
| >6 | 0 | 0 | | | | | |
| 5 to 6 | 0 | 9 | | | | | |
| 4 to 5 | 0 | 15 | | | | | |
| 3 to 4 | 0 | 20 | | | | | |
| 2 to 3 | 11 | 22 | | | | | |
| 1 to 2 | 17 | 24 | | | | | |
| 0 to 1 | 20 | 24 | | | | | |

2.1.4 Track Condition

Good Track 0% loss Fair Track 5% loss Poor track 10% loss

2.1.5 Location Factor

| | Location | n Factors | | | | |
|-------------|--|-----------|------|-------|-----------|--------------|
| Curvature | 0 - 400m | | 0.20 | Incre | eased sta | ability loss |
| | 400 - 800m | | 0.12 | | | |
| | 800 - 1600m | | 0.07 | | | |
| | 1600 + | | 0.00 | | | |
| Grade | > 1:60 | | 0.05 | | " | |
| | between 1:60 and 1:120 | | 0.02 | | | |
| | < 1:120 | | 0.00 | | | |
| Single line | (traffic in both directions) | Yes | 0.00 | | " | |
| | | No | 0.02 | | | |
| Braking | Heavy braking zone | | 0.05 | | " | " |
| | Steady braking zone | | 0.02 | | | |
| | Non braking zone | | 0.00 | | | |
| Rail bunch | ing points in section | Yes | 0.10 | | " | |
| _ | ers, level crossings, fastening type r, bridges, etc. | No | 0.00 | | " | |
| Location Fa | actor = 1.0 + Sum of relevant items | | | | | |

Table 21 - Location factor

Appendix 1 Inspection Forms